

# SAFETY DATA SHEETS

## According to the UN GHS revision 8

Version: 1.0 Creation Date: July 15, 2019 Revision Date: July 15, 2019

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

**Product name** Erythritol

#### 1.2 Other means of identification

Product number

**Other names** 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, (R\*,S\*)-; meso-1,2,3,4-

Tetrahydroxybutane i-Erythritol; 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol

## 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses** Industrial and scientific research use.

Uses advised against no data available

#### 1.4 Supplier's details

Company Hefei TNJ Chemical Industry Co.,Ltd.

Address D1508 Xincheng Center, Qianshan Road, Hefei, Anhui

China 230022

**Telephone** +86-551-65418670

## 1.5 Emergency phone number

**Emergency phone** 

number

+86-551-65418670

Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT

+8 hours).

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

#### 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s) No symbol.
Signal word No signal word

Hazard statement(s) none
Precautionary statement(s)
Prevention none
Response none
Storage none
Disposal none

#### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

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#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
Erythritol	Erythritol	149-32-6	205-737-3	100%

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

# 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand-valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR as necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Higher alcohols (>3 carbons) and related compounds

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam as appropriate for surrounding fire and materials.

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

## 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

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Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wear approved respiratory protection, chemically compatible gloves and protective clothing. Wipe up spillage or collect spillage using a high efficiency vacuum cleaner. Avoid breathing dust. Place spillage in appropriately labeled container for disposal. Wash spill site.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity. Store in a refrigerator.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### **Biological limit values**

no data available

## 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics**

Physical state White, odourless, non-hygroscopic, heat-stable crystals with a

sweetness of approximately 60-80 % that of sucrose.

Colour Bipyramidal tetragonal prisms

Odour no data available
Melting point/freezing 117-121°C

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point

**Boiling point or initial** 329-331°C

boiling point and boiling

range

Flammability no data available Lower and upper no data available

explosion

limit/flammability limit

Flash point 208.8°C

**Auto-ignition** no data available

temperature

**Decomposition** no data available

temperature

**pH** no data available

**Kinematic viscosity** 1.3381 at 20 deg C; 1.1372 at 30 deg C; 0.8965 at 40 deg C;

0.7251 at 50 deg C (all in mPa.s)

**Solubility** Freely soluble in water, slightly soluble in ethanol, insoluble in

diethyl ether.

Partition coefficient n-

octanol/water

log Kow = -2.29

Vapour pressure 1.26E-05mmHg at 25°C

Density and/or relative

density

Relative vapour density no data available
Particle characteristics no data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Erythritol has very good thermal and chemical stability.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Erythritol is incompatible with strong oxidizing agents and strong bases.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Erythritol resists decomposition both in acidic and alkaline medida adn remains stable for prolonged periods at pH 2-10.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Acute toxicity

• Oral: no data available

• Inhalation: no data available

• Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

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#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### **STOT-repeated exposure**

no data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

### 123 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for erythritol(SRC), using a log Kow of -2.29(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of erythritol can be estimated to be 1(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that erythritol is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

#### 125 Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Disposal methods

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

(For reference only, please check.)

## 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

(For reference only, please check.)

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

(For reference only, please check.)

## 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

(For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Erythritol	Erythritol	149-32-6	205-737-3
European Invento (EINECS)	Listed.		
EC Inventory	Listed.		
<b>United States Tox</b>	Listed.		
China Catalog of	Not Listed.		
New Zealand Inve	Listed.		
Philippines Inven (PICCS)	Listed.		
Vietnam National	Listed.		
Chinese Chemical (China IECSC)	Listed.		
Korea Existing Cl	Listed.		

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Information on revision

Creation Date July 15, 2019 Revision Date July 15, 2019

Abbreviations and acronyms

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- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Any questions regarding this SDS, Please send your inquiry to info@tnjchem.com

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